

Building large-scale conic optimization models using MOSEK Fusion

Andrea Cassioli
Erling D. Andersen

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Outline

What's next?



- ① Intro on MOSEK
- ② Overview of the Fusion API
- ③ A step-by-step SOCP example
- ④ Case Study: Quadratic Multi-commodity Min-cost flow
- ⑤ Conclusion

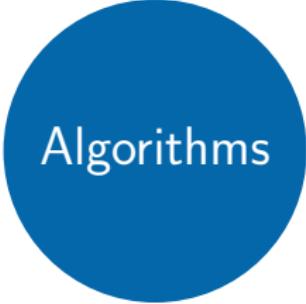
MOSEK

A package for large-scale (conic) optimization.



MOSEK

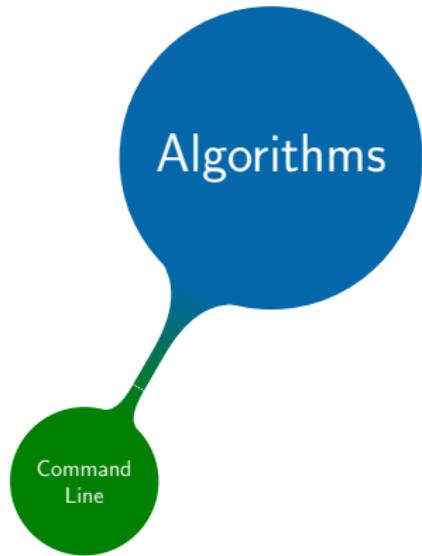
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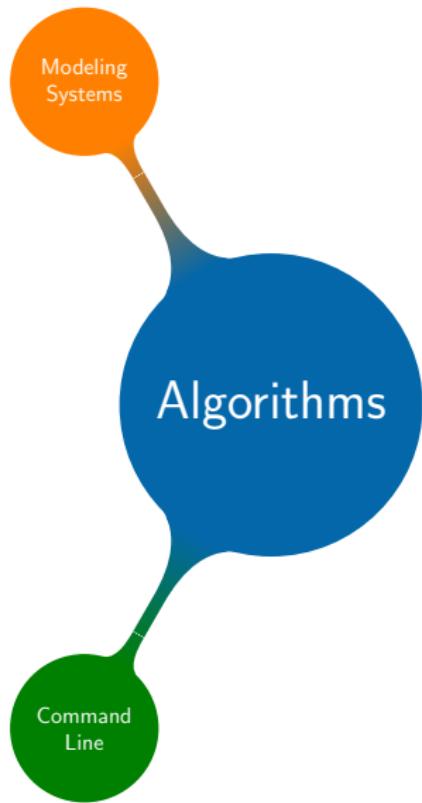
The MOSEK logo consists of the word "mosek" in a blue sans-serif font. The letter "m" is lowercase and orange, while the rest of the letters are lowercase and blue.A solid blue circle containing the word "Algorithms" in white, sans-serif font.

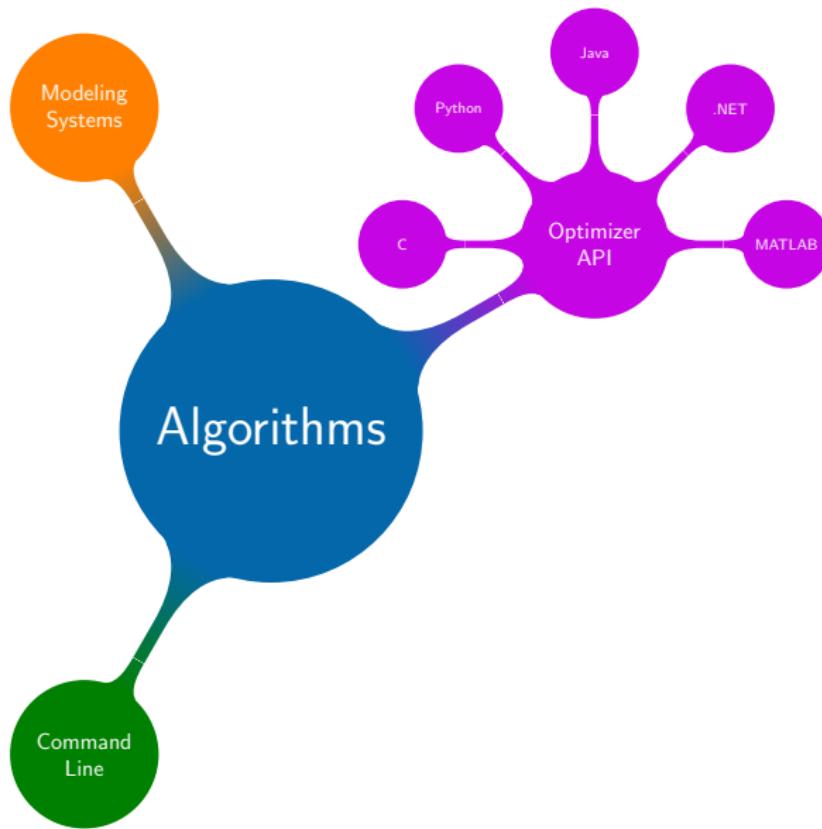
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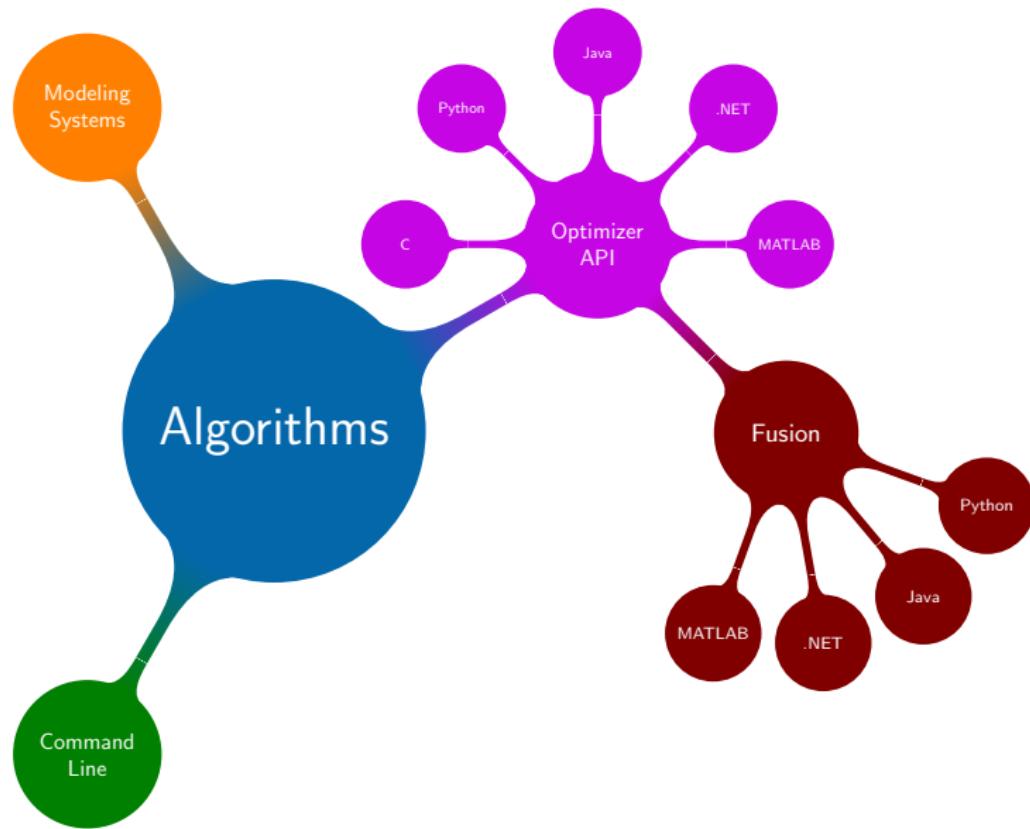
mosek







A package for large-scale (conic) optimization.



What is Fusion?

The general ideas.



A light-weight object-oriented API for linear conic optimization problems.

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The general ideas.



A light-weight object-oriented API for linear conic optimization problems.

- Minimal memory/time overhead
- Minimal model reformulation/modification
- Improve expressiveness

How Fusion is designed

Representing LCP



$$\min_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n} c^T x$$

s.t.

$$A_i x + b_i \in \mathcal{K}_i^{n_i} \in \{\mathbb{R}_+^{n_i}, \mathcal{Q}^{m_i}, \mathcal{Q}_r^{m_i}\} \quad i = 1, \dots, k$$

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Basic constructs:

```
obj. fun. := ( linear expression , sense)
```

```
variable := ( dimension , domain)
```

```
constraint:= ( linear expression , domain)
```

An SOCP Example

Optimization Model



- interface to the solver
- memory manager
- creates its own components
- its components cannot be shared

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```
import mosek
from mosek.fusion import *

M= Model('SOCP example')
```

An SOCP Example



Variables and Constraints

$$x^k \in \mathbb{R}_+^n \quad k = 1, \dots, m \quad \iff \quad X \in \mathbb{R}_+^{n \times m}$$

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X = M.variable(NDSet(n,m), Domain.greaterThan(0.))
```

An SOCP Example



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X = M.variable(NDSet(n,m), Domain.greaterThan(0.))
```

$$A^k x^k = b^k \quad k = 1, \dots, m$$

```
for k in range(m):
    M.constraint(Expr.mul(A[k], X.slice([0,k],[n,k+1])), \
                Domain.equalsTo(b[k]))
```

An SOCP Example

Coupling constraints



$$f_i = \sum d_i x_i^k \leq c_i \quad i = 1, \dots, n \iff f - Xd = 0 \\ f \leq c$$

An SOCP Example



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$$f_i = \sum d_i x_i^k \leq c_i \quad i = 1, \dots, n \iff f - Xd = 0 \\ f \leq c$$

```
f=M.variable(n,Domain.lessThan(c))

M.constraint(Expr.sub(f,Expr.mul(X,d)),Domain.equalsTo(0.))
```

An SOCP Example



Objective function

$$\text{minimize} \quad \frac{1}{2} \sum (w_i f_i)^2$$

An SOCP Example



Objective function

minimize t

s.t.

$$(1, t, w * f) \in \mathcal{Q}_r^{2+n}$$

An SOCP Example



Objective function

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$$(1, t, w * f) \in \mathcal{Q}_r^{2+n}$$

```
t= M.variable(1, Domain.unbounded())

M.constraint(Expr.vstack(Expr.constTerm(1.),t,Expr.mulElm(w,f)), \
    Domain.inRotatedQCone())

M.objective(ObjectiveSense.Minimize, t)
```

An SOCP Example



The whole model

```
M= Model('SOCP example')

#  $X \in \mathbb{R}_+^{n \times m}$ 
X = M.variable(NDSet(n,m), Domain.greaterThan(0.))

#  $k = 1, \dots, m$ 
for k in range(m):
    #  $A^k x^k = b^k$ 
    M.constraint(Expr.mul(A[k], x.slice([0,k],[n,k+1])), Domain.equalsTo(b[k]) )

#  $f \in \mathbb{R}^n, f \leq c$ 
M.variable(n,Domain.lessThan(c))

#  $f - X d = 0$ 
M.constraint( Expr.sub(f, Expr.mul(X,d) ), Domain.equalsTo(0.) )

#  $t \in \mathbb{R}$ 
t= M.variable(1, Domain.unbounded())

#  $(1, t, w * f) \in Q_r^{2+n}$ 
M.constraint(Expr.vstack(Expr.constTerm(1.),t,Expr.mulElm(w,f)),Domain.inRotatedQCone())

# min t
M.objective(ObjectiveSense.Minimize, t)
```

Definition

Given a directed graph G (n_n nodes, n_a arcs, n_o commodities):

- x^k, b^k : the flow and the demand of each commodity
- $A^k = A$, $\forall k = 1, \dots, n_o$, with A incidence matrix of G , i.e.

$$AX = B \quad , \quad B = [b^1, b^2, \dots, b^{n_o}]$$

- f : the total flow vector
- c : arc capacities
- quadratic separable cost, i.e.

$$g(f) = \frac{1}{2} \sum (w_i f_i)^2$$

Quadratic Multi-commodity Min-cost Flow



Fusion code

```
M= Model('Quadratic multi-commodity min-cost flow')

#  $X \in \mathbb{R}_+^{n_a \times n_o}$ 
X= M.variable(NDSet(na,no), Domain.greaterThan(0.) )

# Exploiting A, B sparsity
A= Matrix.sparse(nn, na, A_rows, A_cols, A_nnz)
B= Matrix.sparse(nn, no, B_rows, B_cols, B_nnz)

#  $AX = B$ 
M.constraint(Expr.mul(A, X), Domain.equalsTo(B) )

#  $0 \leq f \leq c$ 
f= M.variable(na, Domain.lessThan(c) )

#  $f - X 1_{n_o} = 0$ 
ones= [1.0 for i in range(no)]
M.constraint(Expr.sub(f, Expr.mul(X, ones)), Domain.equalsTo(0.))

#  $t \in \mathbb{R}$ 
t= M.variable(1, Domain.unbounded())

#  $(1, t, \sqrt{w} * f) \in Q_r^{2+n_a}$ 
M.constraint(Expr.vstack(Expr.constTerm(1.),t, Expr.mulElm(w,f)), Domain.inRotatedQCone())

# min t
M.objective(ObjectiveSense.Minimize, t)
```

Quadratic Multi-commodity Min-cost Flow Optimizer API(1)



```
with mosek.Env() as env:  
    with env.Task(0,0) as task:  
        nx= na*no  
  
        idxf= nx  
        nf= na  
        idxt=idxf+nf  
        nt=1  
        idxs=idxt+nt  
        ns=1  
  
        numvar= nx+nf+nt+ns  
        numcon= na+nn*no  
  
        task.appendcons(numcon)  
        task.appendvars(numvar)  
  
        task.putcj( idxt, 1.0)  
  
        #variable bounds setup  
  
        task.putvarboundslice(0, nx, [mosek.boundkey.lo for i in range(nx)],\  
            [0. for i in range(nx)], [0. for i in range(nx)])  
  
        task.putvarboundslice(indxf, idxf+nf, [mosek.boundkey.ra for i in range(nf)],\  
            [0. for i in range(nf)], cap)  
  
        task.putvarboundslice(idxxt, idxt+nt, [mosek.boundkey.lo for i in range(nt)],\  
            [0. for i in range(nt)], [0. for i in range(nt)])  
  
        task.putvarbound(idxs, mosek.boundkey.fx, 0.5, 0.5)
```

Quadratic Multi-commodity Min-cost Flow

Optimizer API(2)



```
for k in range(no):

    task.putaijlist( A[0], A[1], A[2] )
    A[0]=[ a*nn for a in A[0] ]
    A[1]=[ a*na for a in A[1] ]

    b=[0.0 for i in range(nn) ]
    for (i,j,v) in B:
        if j==k:
            b[i]= v

    task.putconboundslice(nn*k,nn*(k+1), [mosek.boundkey.fx for i in range(nn)], b,b)

    c_i=[]
    c_j=[]
    c_v=[]
    for i in range(na):
        for j in range(no):
            c_i.append(i+nn*no)
            c_j.append(j*na+i)
            c_v.append(1.0)
            c_i.append(i+nn*no)
            c_j.append(indxf+i)
            c_v.append(-1.0/sqrt(w[i]))


    task.putaijlist( c_i,c_j,c_v)
    task.putconboundslice(nn*no,numcon, [mosek.boundkey.fx for i in range(na)],\
    [0.0 for i in range(na)],\
                           [0.0 for i in range(na)])]

    task.appendcone( mosek.conetype.rquad,0., [idxs,indxt]+ range(indxf,indxf+nf) )
```

Some Computational Experiments

MCMF in urban traffic management



City	n_n	n_a	n_o	F	O
Sioux Falls	24	76	24	0.093	0.003
				0.059	0.041
Anaheim	416	914	38	0.210	0.041
				3.720	3.189
Barcelona	1020	2838	110	1.011	0.349
				266.073	251.037
Winnipeg	1052	2836	147	1.667	0.509
				198.321	157.036
Chicago S.	933	2950	387	14.057	2.915
				228.600	217.759

Dataset adapted from <http://www.bgu.ac.il/~bargeratntp/>

Conclusion

and future directions.



We show how Fusion

- introduces a (reasonable) overhead;
- can scale to large scale problems;
- leads to nice and clean code!

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What's ahead?

- C++ interface
- reduce the Fusion/Opt. gap
- more operations and syntactic sugar?

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